

This job aid is designed to assist you in determining whether a career employee should file a Confidential Financial Disclosure Report (OGE Form 450). Some Schedule C employees and special Government employees may also be required to file an OGE Form 450.

Determining Which Positions Should File A Confidential Financial Disclosure Report: A Worksheet

This job aid is designed to assist ethics officials in determining whether a <u>career</u> employee should file a Confidential Financial Disclosure Report (OGE Form 450). Some Special Government Employees and Schedule C employees may also be required to file confidential financial disclosure reports. If you have questions about the criteria listed below, contact your agency's Ethics Office.

I. Pay					
	1.	□ Is the employee's position classified at or below the GS-15 level?	Yes	🗆 No	
	the	OR If the employee is not paid on the GS scale, is the employee's e of basic pay less than 120% of the minimum rate of basic pay for GS-15 level? Basic pay does not include locality payments, bonuses, etc. For mployed annuitants, the rate of basic pay is the employee's basic pay ore any salary offset is applied.	Go to question 2.	Your agency's Ethics Office will determine if this employee must file a public financial disclosure form.	
II.	Ту	pe of Work Done By the Employee			
	2.	Does the employee's work involve at least one of the following:	U Yes	D No	
		□ contracting or procurements above the micro-purchase threshold;			
		Example: A GS-7 Office Automation Clerk is issued a purchase card to buy office supplies for her work unit as needed. Such an employee is generally excluded from filing.	Go to question 4.	Go to question 3.	
		administering, awarding, monitoring, or making determinations regarding grants, subsidies, licenses, or other federal benefits;			
		□ regulating, auditing, or inspecting non-federal entities*;			
		□ performing other activities, when those activities will have a direct and substantial effect on the financial interests of non-federal entities.			
		* <i>Non-federal entities</i> include, for example, businesses, non-profit organizations, and state and local governments.			
	3.	Is the employee serving in any other position where there is a potential for conflict of interest, appearance of favoritism or loss of impartiality?	Yes	D No	
		Examples include:		STOP	
		investigating or prosecuting violations of criminal or civil law;	Go to question 4.	If you said "no" to	
		□ representing the United States in litigation or other proceedings;		questions 2 <u>and</u> 3, the employee does not	
		□ scientific or social science research, when the research will have a direct and substantial effect on the financial interests of non-federal entities.		need to file.	

	z		
4.	Does the employee:	U Yes	D No
	 only provide information? Example: A GS-13 librarian for the Patent and Trademark Office (PTO) shows PTO staff members how to research the uniqueness of an invention and design complex search queries of the agency's electronic databases. The librarian does not make decisions on the patentability of the invention. OR only work on administrative or peripheral matters? Example: A draftsman prepares the drawings to be used by an agency in soliciting bids for construction work on a bridge. He is not involved in the contracting process associated with the construction. Example: An agency has just hired a GS-5 Procurement Assistant who is responsible for typing and processing procurement documents, answering status inquiries from the public, performing office support duties such as filing and copying, and maintaining an online contract database. The Assistant has no actual contracting or procurement responsibilities. 	The employee does not need to file a confidential financial disclosure report.	Go to question 5.
III. Ei	nployee's Level of Responsibility		
5.	Does the employee:	□ Yes	D No
	• engage in the work activity identified in Section II by exercising significant judgment in performing any of the following job functions?		STOP
	making decisions;	Catanuti	
	□ approving or disapproving;	Go to question 6.	The employee does not need to file a
	making recommendations;		confidential financial disclosure report.
	 conducting investigations; 		I. T
	rendering advice or opinions.		
	OR		
	□ actively supervise a subordinate's performance of any of the above- listed job functions?		
6.	Does the employee receive substantial supervisory review?	□ Yes	🗆 No
	Example: A GS-13 employee at an independent grant making agency conducts the initial agency review of grant applications from nonprofit organizations and advises the Deputy Assistant Chairman for Grants and Awards about the merits of each application. Although the process of reviewing the grant applications entails significant judgment, the employee's analysis and recommendations are reviewed by the Deputy Assistant Chairman, and the Assistant Chairman, before the Chairman decides what grants to award.	The employee does not need to file a confidential financial disclosure report.	The employee should file a confidential financial disclosure report.